## Student Ratings Quiz<sup>1</sup>

Т	F	1.	Most faculty members agree that faculty promotions and tenure should be based in part on student evaluations of their teaching.
Т	F	2.	Student ratings are statistically reliable (i.e., they have internal stability and are consistent over time).
Т	F	3.	There is very high correlation between grades and student rating of instruction.
Т	F	4.	The male/female composition of a college class is likely to affect the level of an instructor's student rating.
Т	F	5.	Teachers of large classes (over 100) generally receive lower student ratings than colleagues teaching classes of 35-100 students.
Т	F	6.	Faculty from higher ranks (professor, associate professor) tend to receive higher student ratings than faculty from lower ranks.
Т	F	7.	Research has shown that the teachers obtaining the highest student ratings are "substance" teachers not merely entertainers.
Т	F	8.	Student ratings are typically generous and are skewed to the high side.
Т	F	9.	Research has shown a positive, mid-level correlations between student and colleague ratings of the same teacher.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Seldin, P. (August, 2006). *Using Course Feedback from Students to Improve Teaching*. A Presentation for the National Institution for Academic Degrees and University Evaluation, Japan.